THE [*Numb.* 859.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the lateſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *October* 22, 1761.

Marſhal BROGLIO's *Relation of the Engagement on the 15th and 16th of July, at the Village of Filingſhauſen.*

MARSHAL Broglio having, early in the Morning of the 15th, marched the Body of Forces which were encamped at Elvette to Eſtinghauſen, went thither in Perſon from Soeſt, and at four in the Afternoon began his March with all the Troops, in three Columns, to take Poſſeſſion of the Caſtle of Nagel, and the Village of Filingſhauſen. The Marſhal had concerted this Movement with the Marſhal de Soubiſe, who, on his Part, was to encamp a Part of his Army the ſame Day on the Heath oppoſite the Paſſes that lead to Scheidingen, Neumuhl, and Kornmuhl. It was ſuppoſed that this reciprocal Poſition would enable them to advance to the Enemy with more Safety and more Knowledge of what they were about.

The Column of the Left, conſiſting of the Vanguard under M. de Belſunce, and the Corps of the Grenadiers of France, and the Royal Grenadiers, commanded by the Count de Stainville, was deſtined to proceed along the right Side of the Rivulet Aeſt, and ſeize the Caſtle of Nagel; which was done accordingly. The Caſtle was occupied, and an Hundred Priſoners taken, who made ſmall Reſiſtance.

The Column of the Right, of which Baron Cloſen led the Van, was to march by Ultrop, and advancing to Filingſhauſen, make an Attack on that Village. This was likewiſe executed with Succeſs. Baron Cloſen not only gained Poſſeſſion of the Village after an obſtinate Defence, but drove the Enemy's Troops that were in it beyond the Barricades before their Camp, and took Poſt in it, and at a Redoubt which they had thrown up there. The whole Body of Troops which Lord Granby commanded, made ſeveral Attempts to diſlodge us, but without Effect. He would indeed, in all Probability, have ſucceeded, if Marſhal Broglio had not conſiderably reinforced the ſix Battalions of Naſſau and Royal Deux Ponts, with the two Battalions of Grenadiers and the Hunters of Auvergne and Poitou, and St. Victor's Volunteers, who had made the firſt Attack. The Count de Guerchy, who commanded the Diviſion on the Right, advanced very ſeaſonably to ſupport St. Victor's Volunteers, with the Grenadiers and Hunters of the Brigade of Dauphiny; and this Brigade commanded by the Marquis de Maupeou, and the Marquis de Rochechouart, as alſo the Brigade of the King, commanded by M. de Meironnet, were ſent or led by the Marſhal to ſuſtain M. de Cloſen; by which Means we remained Maſters of the Village, of the Barricades and Redoubt, and of three Pieces of Cannon taken by St. Victor's Volunteers and the Regiment of Naſſau. The Fire of the Small Arms and Cannon continued till after ten at Night. The Marſhal employed the reſt of the Night in relieving the ſix German Battalions, and St. Victor's Volunteers, by freſh Troops. The Duke de Havre led up the Brigades of Rouge (late Belſunce) and Aquitaine, and the Duke de Duras and the Count de Vaux, led up the Brigades of Champagne, Auvergne, and Poitou.

In this Poſition (in which we then contented ourſelves with remaining on the Defenſive, and of which the Marſhal ſent Notice to the Prince de Soubiſe at eleven at Night) we waited to ſee what Step the Enemy would take next Day.

At Day-Break the Cannonading began again, and continued with great Vivacity till five o'Clock, when it ſlackened conſiderably. The Enemy appeared at that Time to have no Thoughts of attacking us; they ſeemed to be waiting the Iſſue of what was doing on their Right, to determine what Part they ſhould take. They did not remain long in Suſpence; about Seven, we ſaw Columns filing off, which came from the Center, and the Right of their Army, towards their Left. The Fire of the Small Arms, which had been kept up all the Morning on our Right, was now conſiderably augmented, the Fire of the Cannon was redoubled, and ſoon after we perceived Diſpoſitions made, and Columns marching to attack us, with a Force much ſuperior to ours. But the Marſhal being informed of certain Incidents, found, that he had no other Part to take, but to return to the Camp of Eſtinghauſen. He immediately ordered the Troops to march out of the Village of Filingſhauſen. This Movement, which in the Preſence of Forces ſo much ſuperior was very critical, was executed in the beſt Order. Only the Regiment of Rouge, which was the moſt expoſed, and had already ſuffered conſiderably, was overtaken, and partly intercepted by the Enemy, who took many Priſoners, and ſome of its Colours. The Horſes that drew its Cannon being killed, its four Pieces were alſo loſt. There were likewiſe left in the Village, which is very much ſurrounded with Hedges and marſhy hollow Ways, five Pieces of Cannon, of which the Horſes were killed, or which were diſmounted in the Moment of the Retreat.

The Marſhal himſelf formed the Rear, with the Diviſion of the Grenadiers of France, and the Royal Grenadiers, under the Command of the Counts de Stainville and de Scey, and the Chevalier de Modena, who led them with all poſſible Order and Firmneſs. We retired in Order of Battle, in ſeveral Lines; we halted ſeveral Times, and kept the Enemy in ſo much Awe, that they did not venture to advance beyond the Hedges of the Village of Filingſhauſen; only ſome of their Light Troops came as far as Ultrop. We brought away all our Wounded, excepting about fifty private Men and five Officers, who were not fit to be moved. We alſo brought away three Pieces of Cannon, and about 200 Priſoners, whom we took the Day before. The Army is come to encamp at Eſtinghauſen, leaving the Van under M. de Belſunce before us on the road to Ultrop, on the left of the Aeſt.

Our Loſs, though conſiderable, is much leſs than there was room to expect from two ſuch ſharp and long Engagements, as thoſe of the 15th and 16th. The Returns of the Killed, Wounded, more or leſs, and Priſoners, amount to 2400 Men. The Loſs of the Enemy muſt be very great. The Priſoners and Deſerters aſſure us, that the fifteen Engliſh and Scotch Regiments, whom we had to deal with in the Evening of the 15th, ſuffered prodigiouſly. The Officers of the Enemy's Light Troops owned to ours, that they had ſuffered much, and had been obliged to ſend away, to their Rear, the Regiments that had fought the Evening of the 15th, and the next Morning. As to the Brunſwick and Heſſian Troops, who replaced the Engliſh on the Morning of the 16th, we know not their Loſs.

All our Field Officers behaved in the beſt Manner, and were of great Uſe; in ſhort, never did any Army keep up more Firmneſs, and good Order, in two ſuch long Engagements, the laſt of which was very unequal, and on interſected Ground.

LONDON, *July* 18.

A Gentleman who came over from France laſt Week, and has travelled through that Kingdom from Italy to the Netherlands, ſays, that the Scenes of Poverty he met with, particularly in the Villages and Country Towns, even exceeded his Expectation: Their Commerce is ruined, their Manufactures languiſh, and Money is ſo ſcarce, that the Produce of the Land is ſold at the firſt Hand much below a living Price. Good Burgundy he could have bought on the Spot for five or ſix Livres a Caſk, containing about 36 Gallons. There was a Proſpect of a plentiful Harveſt and Vintage, but there ſeemed to be a want of Hands to get it in. In ſhort, their German War has exhauſted the Nation; becauſe they have no Trade ſufficient to ſupport the large Remittances they make to Ruſſia, Sweden, &c.

Laſt Night died at his Palace at Fulham, the Right Rev. Doctor Thomas Sherlock, Lord Biſhop of London.

A Letter from Vienna, dated July 1, ſays, 'Our Court 'is greatly embarraſſed. On one Hand ſolicited by the 'Court of Verſailles to conſent to a Suſpenſion of Arms; 'and, on the other, aſſured by the Czarina, that her Troops 'ſhall act with more Vigour than ever, they know not 'what Step to take.'

July 23. Sixty Pieces of Iron Ordnance are getting ready to be embarked for Belleiſle, together with a great Quantity of warlike Stores of every Kind.

Copy of a Letter from an Officer at Pondicherry, to a Merchant in London, February 13, 1761.

"The Day after the Storm, in which our Fleet ſuffered ſo much, our Enemies had a Thankſgiving, and were cruel enough to fire at one of the Wrecks that drove near them, leſt any Body ſhould be ſaved; however it was remarkable, that though the Beach was covered with the Ships Proviſions, &c. not a Bit waſhed near the Fort, where they were in the greateſt Neceſſity. The French have now loſt every Place they had in India.——Our People are buſy blowing up the Walls, Citadel, &c. leſt the Place might be given up at a Peace-making. R. C."

Extract of a Letter from on board his Majeſty's Ship York, in Pondicherry Road, February 13, 1761.

"Pondicherry is a moſt agreeable Situation; both City and Citadel are adorned with fine Churches, Structures, &c. eſpecially the Governor's Palace, which is beyond any Thing I have ſeen in India, and may vie with moſt in Europe for its noble Decorations, Furniture, and the elegant Taſte in which it is built.

"The Nabob, whoſe vaſt Extent of Country is now reſtored to him, and who is ſecond to none but the Mogul, has promiſed (though he has been miſerably plundered during the War) to make this Conqueſt as good to us, by a Preſent, as Chandanagore was to Admiral Watſon's Fleet."

Two Mails arrived this Day from Holland, which brought nothing material, except the arreſting of General Tottleben, and ſome Officers of his Corps, for holding a Correſpondence with the King of Pruſſia.

Tottleben's Troops have ſince been ordered to join the main Army, which, Letters from Vienna ſay, amounts to 75000 Men, who are arrived on the Frontiers of Sileſia; but their Cannon is not come up.

It is reported, that from a general View of the Field of Battle, when Major Wedderbourn came away, it was ſuppoſed the French had 8000 killed or wounded, and 3000 made Priſoners.

July 25. The many Deſerters who came from Pondicherry to the Engliſh Camp, gave an Account of the Garriſon's being in ſuch Diſtreſs for want of Proviſions, that a Cat would ſell for Twenty Shillings Sterling. A Gentleman told an Engliſh Officer, after our Troops marched in, that he had paid Sixteen Shillings for Half of his own Dog. There was one Thing very favourable to them, which was the Cocoa-nut-Tree; they ſupported themſelves 81 Days, by cutting the Heart of the Tree and boiling it. A Pint of Rice ſold for 2 Pagodas, or 16 s. Sterling. The Loſs of Men on our Side at this Siege, from the 10th of September, was but ſix killed, wounded or taken.

They write from Hanover, of the 15th Inſtant, that an Action happened on the 12th near Pyrmont, between a Party of the Allies under General Luckner, and another of the French commanded by General Chabot, in which the latter had above 600 Men killed, wounded and taken Priſoners.

Extract of a Letter from on board his Majeſty's Ship Medway, dated Pondicherry, January 31, 1761.

"The French now are entirely ruined in India. They have only one Settlement more, and that is on the other Coaſt, called Mocy. Two Ships would knock it about their Ears. I hope my next Letter will bring you an Account of the Deſtruction of the French Squadron. We expect them every Day."

Part of a Letter from a Gentleman at Fort St. George, February 1, 1761.

"*Monſieur Lally is arrived amongſt us. Notwithſtanding his fallen Condition, he is now as proud and haughty as ever. A great Share of Wit, Senſe, and martial Abilities, obſcured by a ſavage Ferocity, and an undiſtinguiſhed Contempt for every Perſon that moves in a Sphere below that of a General, characterizes this odd Compound of a Man. When he marched out of the Citadel of Pondicherry, his Officers and Men ſaluted him with a loud and general Hiſs, loading him at the ſame Time with the moſt abuſive and opprobrious Names. His Commiſſary would have juſtified his Character, but he paid dear for the Attempt; they killed him upon the Spot, and would have done as much by Lally himſelf, if he had not made good his Retreat into the Engliſh Camp. He was ſo generally hated, that (if I may be allowed the Expreſſion) the very Dogs howled at him. It is a convincing Proof of his Abilities, the managing ſo long and vigorous a Defence, in a Place where he was held in univerſal Deteſtation.*"

July 28. A Letter from on board the Medway, off Pondicherry, February 6, ſays, "The Fortifications of Pondicherry, which were built agreeable to the modern Rules of military Architecture, were infinitely the ſtrongeſt in all Aſia, and might have vied with any of thoſe famous Ones in Flanders. They will now be ſoon razed. The Buildings, which are by Right the Nabob's of Arcott, will by his Direction be demoliſhed; and he has declared his inviolable Reſolution not to ſuffer the French to have any future Settlement in his Country. Thus by the Reduction of this Place, we are likely to make a Peace in India for remote Poſterity.

"Admiral Corniſh, whoſe Diviſion eſcaped the Hurricane, ſailed lately for Madraſs, and we are expecting ſoon to go down to Bombay to refit, and I believe the Weymouth will likewiſe follow. We had at one Time in the Hurricane upwards of ten Feet Water in our Hold, but we were fortunately favoured with fine Weather after the Storm.

"Among the many Mortifications which the imperious Spirit of General Lally met with, none was more cutting than that of being beſieged by a Land Officer, whoſe Rank was only that of a Colonel. All the Engliſh Settlements in India were the Objects of Lally's Conqueſts when he ſailed from Europe; how far he has ſucceeded in his Schemes (which it is ſaid were of his own planning) is well known. It muſt be admitted alſo, that the French King cannot but be greatly affected, by the Loſs of this Place, in a private Capacity as a Merchant, as that Monarch is deeply concerned in the French Eaſt-India Company, which, by his Aſſiſtance alone, has ſuſtained itſelf ſo long through the various Misfortunes it has met with during the Courſe of their unſucceſsful War."

Extract of a Letter from Munſter, July 18.

"*The French are much leſs terrible than they were.—Three Days ago they looked upon the overwhelming the Allies, as a Thing abſolutely certain: Count de Luſace (Prince Xavier of Saxony) was ſo poſted as to prevent their Retreat, when attacked and beaten by the two Marſhals. Their Armies made on Paper 188 Battalions, and 189 Squadrons, and were actually 80,000 Foot, and 31000 Horſe and Dragoons.——The Cannonading on the 15th was ſevere: It was renewed, and ſeveral Attacks made on the 16th. About ſix in the Morning, finding they could not make any Impreſſion, they began to raiſe new Batteries, which, before they were finiſhed, were carried by the Allies; ſoon after the whole Army gave way, and the French fled on every Side.——Colonel Janneret, in the Hanoverian Service, was very near taking Marſhal Broglio, who eſcaped by the Fleetneſs of his Horſe.——The French loſt 5000 killed, wounded, and Priſoners, amongſt theſe are five Lieutenant Generals.—General Marquis of Granby performed Wonders.——Col. Freytag has ſeized 800 Waggons, laden with Ammunition and Proviſions, and another Officer has taken 200 Bread Waggons, near Weſterboven. M. Broglio is retired beyond Soeſt, and the Prince de Soubiſe to Dortmund; the Priſoners blame the latter extremely, but do not as yet deſcend to Particulars.*"

July 30. His Majeſty's Ship Alcide, bound for North-America, hath taken on board upwards of 30,000 l.

General Lally had Permiſſion to retain all his own Effects, which are ſaid to amount to 100,000 l. Where ſhall we meet with ſuch an Inſtance of French Generoſity?—There was found among the Merchandize of the Place an immenſe Quantity of Lead, which in that Country is a very valuable Commodity.

Monſieur de Larry, who was civil Governor of Pondicherry, was as much beloved for his gracious and affable Diſpoſition, as Lally was feared for his commanding and menacing Deportment.

Extract

Extract of a Letter from Pondicherry, Feb. 12, 1761, brought by the London Packet, dispatched by the Governor of Madraſs.

" Monſieur Lally gave up this Place (as you muſt have heard before this reaches you) without any Terms of Capitulation. In his Letter indeed to the Colonel, he begs that no Inſult may be offered to any of the Religious Societies, and that his own Effects may be ſafe from the Violence of the Soldiers; but as to the raſcally Counſellors, he (the Commander) might hang them all if he pleaſed. Lally, with the other Priſoners of Note, are gone to Madraſs, where they occaſion a great Scarcity. This Iriſh French Commander is an odd Wretch; as long as the Siege laſted, if he happened not to be ſleepy at Night, he would ſtart out of Bed, and ſend for the Council, and gravely tell them, that the Engliſh would ſoon become Maſters of the Place, and debauch their Wives and Daughters; he generally received them in his Bed-Chamber, with nothing on but his Shirt, and amuſed himſelf by fanning his Face with the Flap of it.

" The Inhabitants are permitted to diſpoſe of their Houſhold Goods in the beſt Manner they can, but all their Merchandize falls to the Share of the Conquerors, and they are obliged to leave the Place in a Fortnight. The Baſtions are already blown up, and the Citadel with the Curtains will meet with the ſame Fate. A little Time before the Place ſurrendered, Lally cauſed a large Quantity of Powder to be thrown into the Water; for doing which, and for burning ſome Maſts, &c. all his heavy Baggage has been ſtopt, though it is ſaid to be worth between Seventy and Eighty Thouſand Pounds Sterling. His Palace is a very magnificent Building, and the Furniture the moſt elegant I ever ſaw; in moſt of the Rooms are Looking-Glaſſes Ten Feet high, and Six broad; 500l. has already been bid for each of them, but the Nabob of Arcott it is imagined will give much more."

The whole Weſt-India Fleet paſſed by Graveſend Yeſterday.

The PLUMB-PUDDING Privateer, Capt. VENTER, a Prize taken by the ROAST-BEEF Armed Ship, which arrived at SPIT-Head on Friday, has taken a French Sloop with 103 Hogſheads of Tobacco from Dieppe to Roan, which ſhe ſent into Guernſey. Capt. VENTER is appointed to the Command of the ROAST-BEEF; [*and will doubtleſs have the* PLUMB-PUDDING *as a* CONSORT.]

Auguſt 1. A Letter from the Head Quarters of the Allied Army, dated Hohenover, July 18, ſays, " Yeſterday fifteen French Officers, taken Priſoners at the late Battle, dined with Prince Ferdinand. This Morning about ſeven o'Clock a great Cannonading was heard towards the Right Wing; upon which all the Baggage was ordered to be ſent to Ham; and we are in Expectation of a freſh Action, if the French ſtand their Ground."

It is ſaid that ſome more Regiments will ſoon be ſent to Germany.

We hear that the Tranſports deſigned for New-York are to receive Troops on board there, under the Command of General Amherſt, who, in Conjunction with Sir James Douglas's Squadron, and the Troops from Guadaloupe, are to make an Attempt upon Martinico.

Yeſterday arrived an Expreſs from Thomas Wroughton, Eſq; Engliſh Conſul in Ruſſia, with an Account, that a Fire had happened in the Hemp Warehouſes at Peterſburgh, in which ſeveral Thouſand Tons of Hemp, and Flax, to the Value of above 300,000l. Sterling, were conſumed. Being Timber Buildings, they were reduced to Aſhes in a ſhort Time.

Extract of a Letter from his Majeſty's Ship America, in the Eaſt-Indies, Feb. 3, 1761.

" *I can ſay nothing concerning the Treaſure taken in Pondicherry, or how we ſhall divide it. The Company have demanded it for their Uſe. I ſhall be glad that no diſagreeable Diſputes ariſe between the King's and Company's Officers.*

" *The Nabob made his triumphal Entry into the Town, accompanied with his Brother, both being ſeated, according to the Manner of this Country, in a kind of Wooden Tower, borne on an Elephant; after that, Six more, with their Chiefs Two and Two, on each Elephant's Back; then followed his twelve Wives, in a ſort of covered Cart, drawn by Buffaloes, with many others of his Train and Army following, differently equipped with Bows and Arrows, Lances, Fire Arms, &c. He is a handſome-featured Man, of a good Deportment, with a copper-coloured Complexion, and ſeemed highly to enjoy the Cavalcade. It is ſaid he will make the Navy and Army a handſome Preſent, on being put into Poſſeſſion of the whole Country, as he will now be the moſt powerful Nabob in India.*

" *There is a Report of a Scheme forming to ſet up a new Mogul; if ſo, it may probably call our Ships to Bengal.*"

Auguſt 4. *Letters from Magdebourg, of the 23d of July, ſay,* " *That the Ruſſian Army having directed its March towards Breſlau, General Ziethen decamped on the 9th from Storebneſt, and by forced Marches getting beforehand with the Enemy, took Poſt at Hundsfeld before Breſlau.*

Auguſt 8. *The Union of Breſt (formerly the General Amherſt Privateer of New-York) Captain Gabriel Durett, who ſailed from St. Domingo the 25th of June, with Sugar, Coffee, and Indigo, was taken the 28th of July by the Burford and Thames Men of War, and is ſent into Plymouth. On the 27th of June the Union took the Rebecca, Lowther, of Philadelphia, from Barbados, bound to London, and ſent her for Spain.*

Extract of a Letter from a Surgeon in the Iſland of Goree in Africa, May 27, 1761.

" *The Fire which happened here on the 14th of March conſumed, in a few Hours, the whole Town to Aſhes (except three Houſes) together with ſeveral Officers Quarters. The Inhabitants have ſuffered greatly. The Inſtruments and Medicines we regret the moſt, as that is a public Loſs, not retrievable in this Country before the ſickly Seaſon, which approaches. There was a good Supply ſent out for both Garriſons, but unfortunately the Veſſel was cut from Senegal Bar by a French Frigate.*"

A private Letter from Verſailles, ſays, " Madam Pompadour gave a grand Ball after the News of Broglio's Defeat. What Indecency to exult in the Calamity of her Country, becauſe it involved her Enemy in Diſgrace! But what better can we expect, while we are governed by a King, who is governed by his Miſtreſs!"

The Letters from France, received at the Hague on the 4th Inſt. adviſe, That the Miniſtry are ſo much occupied by a Complication of Affairs, that Councils are continually called. Intrigues and Cabals increaſe every Day, and leave no room to doubt, that there will be a Change in the Command of the French Armies, and even in the Miniſtry: The ſame Advices add, that Orders had been ſent to Marſhal Broglio to give the Enemy Battle on the firſt favourable Opportunity: It is for this End, that the 36 Battalions, and 50 Squadrons, detached from Soubiſe's Army, have rejoined the Marſhal in the Neighbourhood of Paderborn, to which Place he drew near, with deſign to favour the Election of a Biſhop of that See: And as the Courts of France and Vienna are deſirous that the Elections of Biſhops of Hildeſheim and Munſter ſhould immediately follow, the Marſhal is to make the utmoſt Efforts to oblige the Allies to evacuate thoſe two Places; which cannot be done without a Battle.

BOSTON, *October* 5.

Capt. Jacobſon, who arrived here laſt Friday, ſailed from Portſmouth under Convoy of the Alcide Man of War, together with 70 Sail of large empty Tranſports, ſome of which are upwards of 400 Tons, all bound to New-York, where 'tis ſaid they are to take on board Troops and proceed on an Expedition to the Miſſiſippi: On board the Fleet were ſeveral Engineers, &c.

There was but little Proſpect of a ſpeedy Peace; and great Preparations for ſtill continuing the War with the greateſt Vigour.—The taking of Pondicherry was like to give a new Turn to Affairs, as by that important Acquiſition the French are almoſt intirely drove out of India, with the Loſs of one of their greateſt Branches of Trade.

Extract of a Letter from Bermuda, dated Sept. 14, 1761.

——" I have this Day heard, by Way of Providence, that there are five Sail of large Veſſels taken at Turks Iſland, but cannot tell who they are."——

NEW-YORK, *October* 8.

It appears there are no Forces on board the Fleet, notwithſtanding the Papers mention a large Body was preparing to embark on board them.

The General Wall Packet, Captain Robinſon, left this Port Yeſterday with the Mail for Falmouth.

The Lords Commiſſioners of Appeals have been pleaſed to reverſe the Sentence of the Vice Admiralty Court at Jamaica, on all Ships taken from Monto Chriſti by the Men of War; and to order Reſtitution of Ships and Cargoes.

We hear ſeveral Regiments above are ordered down immediately.

Touching a PEACE take the following from the laſt MAGAZINE:

" Peace with France ſeems to be ſtill at a great Diſtance; " the Succeſs of our Arms againſt that Nation in the Eaſt " and Weſt-Indies, in America, and upon the Iſlands, and " even the Continent of Europe, have not yet ſo far humbled that Court, as to make the Miniſtry conſent to " equitable Terms of Peace. The ceding of Territories at " the End of a War, without any Equivalent, is to thoſe " who were wont to ſtrip their Neighbours upon ſuch Occaſions, an Indignity which they cannot brook. The " Retention of Nieuport and Oſtend, Sea-port Towns, belonging to the Empreſs Queen, would to them be ſome " Compenſation for their Loſſes abroad; but as the Dutch " intereſt themſelves in the Conſervation of thoſe two Cities, " even theſe are not likely to be added to the Incroachments " which they have already made on the Frontiers of the " Republic. Unable therefore to avail themſelves of the " Arts of Negociation, by which they uſed to gain the " Superiority in the Cabinet, and diſtreſſed to the laſt Degree by the ill Succeſs of their Arms in all Quarters, they " endeavour to get Time by raiſing Difficulties, till the " Event of the Campaign ſhall determine their Fate, which, " if unfortunate, will add nothing to the Demands of their " Enemies; if otherwiſe, may be a Means of moderating " their Claims."

It is conjectur'd that the Tranſports expected in, from England, are intended to carry the Troops from hence to Dominique, where 'tis ſaid they are to be joined by Two Thouſand Forces from England, and to be under the Command of General Monckton, who will from thence proceed to the Attack of Martinico, and probably thence to Louiſiana, ſhould not the French (no doubt made ſenſible the Engliſh will not be amuſed out of the Advantages they have gained) prevent thoſe Operations by haſtening a Peace.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 15.

By Captain Phœnix, from Antigua, we have public Papers and private Letters to the 16th ult. the Subſtance of the News of which is as follows, viz. That a French Frigate had arrived at Martinico, and carried in with her ſeven Prizes: That Captain Sturges, of Antigua, had ſent in there a Snow and Sloop, from Martinico, loaded with Sugar: That the Martinico Privateers, of late, had chiefly cruized on the North-American Coaſt, one of which had ſent in ten, and another eight Prizes: That his Majeſty's Sloop Antigua had taken a French Schooner, with Sugar, Coffee, &c. and had retaken a Sloop with Horſes from New London: That his Majeſty's Ship Griffin, Capt. Taylor, had taken, and ſent to Antigua, a French Ship with 200 Hogſheads of Sugar, and ſome Coffee on board: And that there had been carried into St. Chriſtophers, a Schooner and Sloop with Proviſions, a Dogger with Sugar, and a Brigantine, loaded with Lumber, bound to the Granades from Martinico.

A Letter of the 16th of September ſays, " Sixty Prizes were carried into Martinico in the Month of Auguſt; but no Philadelphia Men amongſt them, except Captain Smith for Barbados."

Since our laſt arrived here Captain Adams from Barbados, who, on his outward bound Paſſage, in Latitude 14, fell in with a large French Letter of Marque Frigate-built Ship, of 16 Carriage Guns, which he engaged warmly for about two Hours, and at laſt obliged her to make the beſt of her Way off, tho' of vaſtly ſuperior Force to him. Captain Adams had one Man killed.

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 22.

We hear from *St. Mary's* County, that Meſſrs. *Henry Greenfield Sotheron, Edmund Key, George Plater*, and *John Hall*, are choſen Repreſentatives for that County.

It is ſaid, That the General Aſſembly of this Province, will not meet, on the Day of the Return of the Writs of Election (the 17th of next Month) but, that after all the Elections are over in the ſeveral Counties, it will be prorogued to a further Day.

We are informed by Mr. *George Carlile*, Merchant, who arrived in *Patuxent* laſt Saturday, in the *Simpſon* from *Scotland*, after a long Paſſage, That he ſaw our Fleet go out of the Capes laſt Friday, with a Fair Wind: The Wind continued Fair for Two Days, ſo that they muſt have made a good Offing.

The Schooner *Pretty Betſy*, Captain *Covenover*, (bound from this Province to *New-Providence*) and her Cargo, were lately loſt on *Hampton* Bar.

October 20, 1761.

The Ship *UPTON*,

SAMUEL PEMBERTON, MASTER,

A LETTER of Marque, carrying 17 Carriage Guns, Six and Four Pounders, and 4 Cohorns which will throw Six Pound Shot, now lying in *Briton's Bay*, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, conſigned to *James Gildart*, Eſq; Merchant in *Liverpool*.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ſhip Tobacco may, for further Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber in *Leonard-Town*, or the ſaid Maſter on board the ſaid Veſſel.

Alſo to be Sold by the Subſcriber, a large Quantity of White SALT.

THOMSON MASON.

THE Managers of the Reformed CALVINIST Church LOTTERY, in *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, finding that they cannot diſpoſe of the TICKETS in Time to Draw this Month, are obliged to poſtpone the Drawing to the Firſt of *February* next.

Patowmack, October 12, 1761.

TO BE HIRED,

Either with or without his Tools,

A NEGRO Fellow, who is an exceeding good BLACKSMITH. For Terms apply to WILLIAM DIGGES.

Buſh-River, October 7th, 1761.

ALL Perſons Indebted to *John Webſter*, Son of *Michael*, late of *Baltimore* County, deceaſed, are required to pay their reſpective Accounts by Tueſday the 10th Day of *November* next. And likewiſe all Perſons who have any Accounts againſt the ſaid Eſtate, by Book-Debt, Bond, Bill, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make a Return of them to the Subſcriber, at or before the ſaid Time, that they may be adjuſted, by

MARY WEBSTER, Executrix.

N. B. On Wedneſday the 11th of *November*, there will be expoſed to Sale, by Public Auction, on the late Dwelling Place of the ſaid *Webſter*, his Perſonal Eſtate, conſiſting of Horſes, Cattle, Hogs, &c. beſide Houſhold Furniture.

Rock-Creek, October 9, 1761.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 4th Inſtant, a very likely Negro Fellow named *Tom*, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, was imported from *Africa* about 2½ Years ago, but ſpeaks tolerable good *Engliſh*, tho' ſlow, and appears baſhful. He had on when he went away, an over Jacket of dyed Cotton, an under Jacket of Plading, and an Oſnabrigs Shirt and Trowſers; it is imagined that he carried with him ſome ſpare Shirts and Trowſers, as alſo ſome Bed-Cloaths, and as we miſs a Canoe from this Shore, it is ſuſpected that he is gone by Water, eſpecially as he had been uſed to the Water for at leaſt a Year before I purchaſed him, and had in that Time made an Attempt to get to Sea in an open Boat.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negro, and ſecures him ſo that I can have him again, ſhall be paid the Sum of Twenty Shillings if taken within Ten Miles of this Place, Thirty Shillings if Twenty Miles, Forty Shillings if Thirty Miles, Fifty Shillings if Forty Miles, and Three Pounds if at a greater Diſtance, by ROBERT PETER.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Bradburne*, in *St. Mary's* County, a brown Steer, his right Ear cropt, and a Piece out of the under Side, and a Swallow Fork in the left Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *Miles Lowe*, living on *Gorſuch*'s Point, near *Baltimore-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a bright Bay Horſe 12 Hands high, neither cut, branded, nor dock'd, with a ſmall Star in his Forehead, and his fore Feet are white.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *William Tucker*, near the *Kittockton Mountain*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle ſiz'd Black Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder with the Figure 3, and upon the Thigh, on the ſame Side, thus Θ and on the left Cheek with the Figure 3; he has a few white Hairs in his Forehead, ſeveral Saddle Spots, and a Piece cut out of the left Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Fairfax County, *October* 12, 1761.

JOHN PATTERSON, as Agent for the Right Honourable the Earl of TANKERVILLE, has, without my Privity, advertis'd in the *Maryland* Gazette of the 1ſt Inſtant, ſeveral Tracts of Land in *Virginia*, by him to be Let to Leaſe; but as thoſe Lands, although devis'd to the ſaid Lord *Tankerville*, by the laſt Will and Teſtament of the late *John Colvill*, are, however, alſo therein ſubjected to the Payment of his Debts, I have thought it neceſſary to inform thoſe whom it may concern, that there are conſiderable Debts now due from the Eſtate of the ſaid *John Colvill*, which, if not ſatisfied in a ſhort Time, or a proper Indemnification againſt them given to me, will neceſſarily compel me the Subſcriber, as Executor to the ſaid *John*, to make ſale of as much of the ſaid Lands, as will pay or ſatisfy the ſaid Debts.

THOMAS COLVILL.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, *October* 10, 1761.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

James Hall, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, 40 Years of Age, he is narrow Faced, hollow Eyed, and is very remarkable in his Head, having loſt great Part of his Hair by Sickneſs. Had on when he went away, his working Clothes.

Henry Jones, about 25 Years of Age, near ſix Feet high, wears his own Hair, he is thin fleſhed, and ſtands pretty upright upon his Legs. He likewiſe had on his working Clothes.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and brings them to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive if taken above Ten Miles from home, TEN POUNDS, or Five Pounds for either of them, and reaſonable Charges, paid by CALEB DORSEY.

September 26, 1761.

To be LEASED,

And Entered on immediately, for Three Lives,

A VERY choice Tract of LAND, well Watered and Timbered, containing ſeveral Thouſand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, lying on *Patowmack* River, and chiefly bounded in by *Kittockton* Creek in the County of *Loudoun*, and Colony of *Virginia*.

Alſo, a Tract of Land, lying on *Difficult Run* in the ſaid County, famous for the many fine Situations for building Water-Mills, and a conſiderable Quantity of Meadow Ground, only Twelve Miles from Navigation, and Twenty from the Port of *Alexandria*.

Likewiſe, a Tract of Land lying on *Four Mile Run*, endued with the ſame good Qualifications, and diſtant about Six Miles from *Alexandria*.

For further Particulars enquire of Mr. *Fleming Patterſon*, Merchant in *Leeſburg*, in *Loudoun* County, or from the Subſcriber, where Attendance will be given by JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

Patuxent Iron-Works, *Sept.* 22, 1761.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subſcriber, about the 10th of *July* laſt, a Black Horſe about 14 Hands and an Inch high, with a large Star in his Forehead, and a ſmall Snip on his Noſe, was ſhod all round, paces naturally, and has a very remarkable long Walk. Whoever will bring the ſaid Horſe home, ſhall have Thirty Shillings, paid by JOHN SNOWDEN.

October 5th, 1761.

STOLEN from the Plantation of the Subſcriber, in the Fork of *Patuxent*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, on the 29th of *September* laſt, a likely Dark Bay Horſe, branded on the off Shoulder with Two ſmall Keys, laid acroſs each other, has not any white about him, 3 Years and a half old, paces wide behind, has a Sprig Tail, a hanging Mane, and a pretty large Head.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and ſecures him ſo that the Subſcriber may get him again, ſhall have Three Pounds Reward, paid by

2 BENJAMIN GAITHER.

ALL Perſons Indebted to the Subſcriber on Account of Public Dues, are requeſted to diſcharge them, otherwiſe they muſt expect to be Treated as the Law directs. And thoſe who do not diſcharge their Quit-Rents and Land-Tax at *November* Court, will be Diſtrained on without Diſtinction. KENSEY JOHNS, Sheriff of *Anne-Arundel* County.

To be SOLD *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *by the Subſcriber, Executor of* WILLIAM DEACON, *Eſq; late of* St. Mary's *County, in the Province of* Maryland, *on* TUESDAY *the* 17*th of* November *next, at* St. Mary's, *for* London *Bills of Exchange*,

A TRACT of LAND containing about Ninety Acres, ſituate on *St. Mary's* River, on which is a large DWELLING-HOUSE, Four Rooms on a Floor, and fully compleat; likewiſe a good Kitchen, Office, and all other neceſſary Out-Houſes; and Four choice young SLAVES about 20 Years of Age, and a young Child. The Negroes will be ſold with or without the Land. The aforeſaid Land and Negroes are the Property of a Woman between 60 and 70 Years of Age during her natural Life.

Likewiſe another Tract of Land, formerly the Property of the aforeſaid *Deacon*, about a Mile and a Half diſtant from the aforeſaid Tract, containing Two Hundred and Thirty Acres, or thereabouts, lying on *St. Inegoes* Creek, and adjoining to the Land of Mr. *William Hicks*.

The Title may be known at any Time, by applying to 3 IGNATIUS FENWICK.

Charles County, *October* 1ſt, 1761.

THE Subſcriber has a large Quantity of TOBACCO, of good Weight, on *Patuxent* and *Patowmack*, for Sale; alſo a Parcel of NEGROES at his own Houſe, either for Ready or next Year's Pay; likewiſe ſome Horſes to diſpoſe of; and Land to Leaſe for a Dozen or Fifteen Years. 4 SAMUEL HANSON.

Townſide, Sept. 8, 1761.

To be LET, *upon Leaſe for a Term of Years*,

A PLANTATION, STOCK and HANDS, on the *Red-Lyon-Branch*, on *Cheſter* River, in *Queen-Anne's* County, *Maryland*.

The Hands are Slaves; the Stock conſiſts of Horſes, Mares, black Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Swine. The Tenement is under good Fence, the Houſing in good Order. The Tract is 220 Acres, of which about 90 clear'd; but the Tenant will have Liberty to clear new Ground without Reſtraint or Limitation; the Owner being poſſeſſed of 1400 Acres of Wood Land contiguous. There is a young Peach and Plumb Orchard on the Tract, and ſeveral Apple and Cherry Trees. There is a Griſt Mill on the ſame open Ground.

The Terms (on Security if required) will not exceed the Worth of the Hire of the Hands, added to the Intereſt of the Value of the Stock, and a moderate Rent.

There is good Fiſhing in Shad and Herring Seaſon, on the Coaſt of this Tract, which is ſurrounded by Merchant Mills and Stores of all Sorts, and an Inſpection Houſe at about a Mile and a Half Diſtance. The Range of Woods is very conſiderable for raiſing of Stock, there being ſome Thouſand Acres of ſuch. 2 H. CALLISTER.

Bladenſburg, October 1ſt, 1761.

A SINGLE MAN, who underſtands Farming and the Management of Negroes, and who can be well recommended for his Sobriety and Induſtry, will meet with great Encouragement as an Overſeer, for the enſuing Year, from

3 DAVID ROSS.

ALL Perſons who have any Claims againſt the Eſtate of Mr. *Simon Duff*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to the Subſcriber, that the ſame may be adjuſted and paid. And all thoſe who are Indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Adminiſtrator.

September 24, 1761.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY.

THE Members of the *Preſbyterian* Congregation in *Kent* County, *Maryland*, find themſelves under the Neceſſity of ſolliciting the Favour and Aſſiſtance of the Public in this Way, in order to enable them to compleat and finiſh their two Meeting-Houſes now building, and alſo to purchaſe a Parſonage or Glebe; that they may be enabled, with Decency, to worſhip GOD, and in a becoming Manner to ſupport a Goſpel Miniſter among them, according to their own Perſuaſion.

They Doubt not but this their laudable Deſign will meet with all proper Encouragement, from all thoſe who wiſh well to the common Cauſe of Religion, and are acquainted with their Circumſtances, eſpecially as the Scheme is well calculated for the Advantage of the Adventurer.

Number of Prizes.		Pieces of 8.		Total Value.
1	of	1000	is	1000
1	of	750	is	750
2	of	500	are	1000
3	of	250	are	750
10	of	100	are	1000
20	of	40	are	800
50	of	10	are	500
1250	of	8	are	10000
First drawn Blank 1	of	50	is	50
Laſt drawn Blank 1	of	50	is	50
Laſt drawn Blank before the 1000 1	of	25	is	25
Firſt drawn Blank after the 1000 1	of	25	is	25
Laſt drawn Blank before the 750 1	of	25	is	25
Firſt drawn Blank after the 750 1	of	25	is	25

1343 Prizes,
2657 Blanks.

4000 Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are 16000

IN this Scheme there is not two Blanks to a Prize; the Number of high Prizes are as many as in Lotteries conſiſting of 5000 Tickets; the Deduction only 15 *per Cent*; ſo that upon the Whole, this will appear to be one of the moſt favourable Schemes for the Adventurer yet offered to the Public.

The Drawing will begin at *George-Town*, the Fourth Tueſday in *November* next, or ſooner, if ſooner full. The Prizes will be publiſhed in the *Maryland* and *Pennſylvania* Gazettes, and the Prize Money paid as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed. That which is not Demanded within Six Months after the Drawing, will be deemed as generouſly given to the Uſe of the Scheme, and applied accordingly.

The following Perſons are appointed Managers, *viz.* *John Hepburn*, Eſq; Meſſrs. *William Roſin*, *Dennis Dulany*, *James Louttit*, *Charles Gordon*, *John Maxwell*, *James Pearce*, *John Schaw*, *James Harriſon* (*Suſquehanna* Ferry), *Hugh Wallis*, and *John McDuff*, who are to give Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt repoſed in them.

TICKETS are now ſelling by the Managers, at their reſpective Habitations, and by Meſſieurs *Jonas Green*, and *Robert Couden*, at *Annapolis*; by Meſſieurs *David Roſs*, and *Thomas Campbell*, in *Prince-George's* County; by Mr. *John Boyd*, in *Joppa*; by Mr. *Francis Key*, and Captain *George Catto*, in *Cæcil* County; by Meſſieurs *Thomas Ringgold*, and *Thomas Smith*, in *Cheſter-Town*; by Meſſieurs *John Bracco*, and *Matthew Dockery*, in *Queen-Anne's* County; by Dr. *Charles Leith*, at *Talbot* Court-Houſe; by Mr. *John Anderſon*, at *Cambridge*; and by Meſſieurs *William M'Ilvaine*, and *Charles Pettit*, Merchants, in *Philadelphia*.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Edward Willett*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Horſe near 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock IC, and is ſhod before.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Robert Lewirs*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare about 11 Hands high, 6 or 7 Years old, and branded on the off Thigh thus .·.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To

To be FREIGHTED,

A GOOD New SLOOP, Burthen Fifty Tons, or 2000 Bushels of Grain, which is a prime Sailer, and well fitted, either to *Carolina*, *New-Providence*, *New York* or *New-England*, or any Place on the Coast. Enquire of Mr. *John Carnan*, Merchant at *Baltimore-Town*, or

WM. DUNLOP.

Baltimore, July 1761.

RELIGION, the crowning Excellence of intelligent Nature, claims the Approbation and close Attention of every reasonable Being, who expects future Bliss. We are bound from Principles of Gratitude and Interest to promote the Honour and Worship of the supreme Mind, as necessary to our own Prosperity, the Good of Society, and future Happiness of Man. Animated by these interesting Motives, we, of the Presbyterian Persuasion in this Town, desire, not from Party Views, but from real Principle, to purchase a Lot of Ground to erect a decent Church for Divine Service, in which we may worship GOD according to our Consciences. Upon Enquiry we find ourselves as yet insufficient to raise such a Sum as is necessary to accomplish such an important Design, beg Leave therefore to sollicit the Generosity of our Fellow-Christians to assist and encourage us in compleating a small Lottery, at a Time when the Benevolence of our Countrymen is so well tried in this Way. We hope our Claim to the public Attention is equal to any that has sollicited their Notice, and humbly expect that we shall meet with general Encouragement.

SCHEME of the LOTTERY.

Prizes.		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	of	1500	is	1500
2	of	750	are	1500
2	of	500	are	1000
3	of	200	are	600
4	of	150	are	600
5	of	100	are	500
10	of	50	are	500
10	of	40	are	400
10	of	30	are	300
10	of	20	are	200
20	of	10	are	200
30	of	8	are	240
2482	of	5	are	12410
2589 Prizes,			First drawn	30
2411 Blanks.			Last drawn	20
5000 Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are				20000

CONDITIONS.

THAT the Lottery shall be drawn in *Baltimore-Town* as soon as the Tickets are disposed of, and previous Notice thereof shall be given in This and the *Pennsylvania* Gazette.

That a Deduction of Fifteen Dollars be made from every Prize of One Hundred Dollars, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Prize, thereby to raise the Sum intended of Three Thousand Dollars. The Managers appointed are, Messieurs *John Smith* and *William Buchanan*, *John Stevenson*, *Jonathan Plowman*, *William Lyon*, and *Nicholas Ruxton Gay*, of *Baltimore*; Mr. *David McCulloch*, of *Joppa*; Mr. *George Stevenson*, of *York*; Col. *John Armstrong*, of *Carlisle*; Dr. *David Ross*, of *Bladensburg*; Mr. *Peter Hubbert*, of *Dorset*; and Mr. *Jonas Green*, of *Annapolis*; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath faithfully to discharge the Trust reposed in them.

A List of the Prizes will be published in This and the *Pennsylvania* Gazette, after the Drawing is finished, and the Money paid after the Deduction afore-mentioned. Prize Money not demanded in Six Months after the Publication of the Prizes, to be deemed as generously given towards this laudable Purpose, and to be applied accordingly.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers; of Mr. *Thomas Campbell*, Merchant, at *Nottingham*, and of Mrs. *Ramsay*, at the Head of *Severn*.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence, *Pennsylvania* Paper, will be taken in Payment for a Dollar, in the Purchase of Tickets, and to be paid in like Manner in Discharge of Prizes.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY YOUNG NEGRO WOMAN. Enquire of the Subscriber near *Lower-Marlborough*.

JOHN HAMILTON.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday the Eighteenth of November *next, at the House of Mr.* Arthur Charlton *in* Frederick-Town, Frederick *County*,

THE following Tracts of LAND, lately belonging to Mr. *James Wardrop*, deceased.

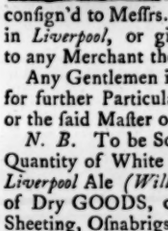
One Tract of Land called *Hazard*, containing	790	Acres.
One Ditto called *Partnership*,	280	
—— —— *Dearbought*,	500	
—— —— *Wooden Platter*,	327	
—— —— *Brentford*,	35	
—— —— *Oxford*,	54	
—— —— *Cool Spring*,	75	
—— —— *Bloomsbury*,	104	
—— —— *John's Delight*,	104	
—— —— *Pine Hill*,	90	
—— —— *Nut Spring*,	114	
—— —— *Red Oak Level*,	100	

All lying in *Frederick* County.

At the same Time will be Sold to the highest Bidder, Part of a Tract of Land called *Exchange and new Exchange enlarged*, containing about 700 Acres, lying in *Frederick* County, near *Thomas Davis*'s Tavern.

For Title or Terms of Sale, apply to

4 JAMES DICK.



4 *September* 29, 1761.

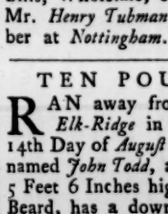
The Ship GENERAL WOLFE,

JOHN POULTON, MASTER,

IS now lying in *Patuxent* River, off Mr. *John Stone Hawkins*'s Store, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, consign'd to Messrs. *Lander & Dingman*, Merchants in *Liverpool*, or giving Liberty of Consignment to any Merchant there.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ship Tobacco, may, for further Particulars, enquire of *Joseph Mullan*, or the said Master on Board.

N. B. To be Sold by the said *Mullan*, a large Quantity of White SALT, good *Cheshire* Cheese, *Liverpool* Ale (*Williamson*'s), and a choice Parcel of Dry GOODS, consisting of *Irish* Linens, ⅞ths Sheeting, Osnabrigs, Cottons, Frizes, Hard Ware, Saddlery, and Nails.



The SHIP

ELIZABETH and ANNA,

LYING in the North-West Branch of *Patapsco*, takes in TOBACCO at Eight Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, consign'd to Messieurs ROBERT and JAMES CHRISTIE, Merchants in *London*. 4

CHOICE *WEST-INDIA* RUM,

JUST Imported by the Subscriber, in the Sloop *Alexander*, *John Bruce*, Master, from *St. Christophers*, and to be Sold very cheap, for Cash or Bills, Wholesale, or by the single Hogshead, by Mr. *Henry Tubman* at *Benedict*, or the Subscriber at *Nottingham*. 5 THOMAS CAMPBELL.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Elk-Ridge* in *Anne-Arundel* County, on the 14th Day of *August* last, a Convict Servant Man named *John Todd*, a thick, well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, short yellow Hair and red Beard, has a down-cast sulky Look, and speaks in the Country Dialect. Had on and took with him, an old Duroy Coat lined with white Tammy, a brown Cloth ditto, a red Broad Cloth Waistcoat, a spotted Swanskin ditto, Buckskin Breeches almost new, new Hempen Roll Trowsers, white and Osnabrigs Shirts, old Country made Shoes, and a Felt Hat.

It's probable he may change his Apparel.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Ten Pounds Reward, paid by 5 JOHN DORSEY.

WANTED,

A BLACKSMITH, who understands Plantation Work. Such an one will meet with extraordinary Encouragement, to settle near *Patowmack*, and will have constant Employ, and a good Plantation to live on.

Enquire at the Printing-Office.

WANTED,

A SOBER Industrious Man for an Ostler, and other Business, in a Public House. Such a One will meet with good Encouragement, besides the Vails, which are considerable. Apply to either of the Printers hereof.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Upper-Marlborough*, on the 26th of *February* last, a Country-born Negro Fellow named *Anthony*, by Trade a Cooper, about 28 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 4 Inches high. He had on an old Cotton Coat with white Metal Buttons, Cotton Breeches, a Kersey, and Swanskin Jacket, Negro Shoes and Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an Osnabrigs Shirt. But it is probable he will change his Apparel, as he had Variety of Cloaths with him. He has been used to work on board Ships in *Patuxent* River, and it is supposed is somewhere thereabouts.

Whoever will take up the said Negro, and bring him home, shall have Forty Shillings, beside what the Law allows, if taken in the County; and if taken out of it, Three Pounds, beside what the Law allows, paid by JOHN GANTT.

Frederick-Town, June 1761.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed CALVINISTS in *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, to consist of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of Eight each, *viz.*

Number of Prizes.		Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	500	is	500
2	of	300	are	600
3	of	150	are	450
4	of	100	are	400
10	of	50	are	500
12	of	40	are	480
20	of	30	are	600
35	of	20	are	700
200	of	8	are	1600
900	of	5	are	4500
1187 Prizes.			First drawn Ticket	40
2813 Blanks.			Last drawn Ticket	30
			Sum raised	1600

4000 Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are 12000

BY the above Scheme there are not 2½ Blanks to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not 15 *per Cent* on the whole.

As a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged, the Drawing will be in *October* next, or sooner, if sooner full, in the Court-House of said County, of which sufficient Notice will be given in this Gazette.

The Managers appointed are, Messieurs *Christopher Edelin*, *Stephen Ransburg*, *James Dickson*, *Thomas Schley*, *Conrad Grosh*, *Casper Shaaff*, *Thomas Price*, *Samuel Swearingen*, *Valentine Adam*, and *William Kimbol*, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of this Trust.

A List of the Prizes will be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and paid off without any Deduction.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence *Pennsylvania* Currency, will be received for each Piece of Eight in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same Currency is to pass upon the same Terms in paying off the Prizes.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

WHEREAS the Act of Assembly of this Province, made and passed in 1733, *for emitting and making current Ninety Thousand Pounds*, is near Expiring; The Commissioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all those who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and discharge the same; otherwise they will be proceeded against as the Law directs.

Signed per *Order*,

ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12*s.* 6*d. per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.